

# Fracture Sequalae Preop. Assessment: Clinical & Imaging

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### Fractures around the knee: problematic?

#### — A. Bone sequelae:

- Secondary deformities/Malunion: intra or extra-articular
- Poor bone quality :Non-union/Osseous defect
- Post-traumatic osteoarthritis
- B. Soft tissues damages: (to decide surgical approach)
  - Skin problems: previous scarring
  - Latent infection
  - Knee stiffness
  - Ligament incompetence?
  - Peripheral pulse





#### — C. Retained internal fixation devices?

**Parratte et al.** Total knee replacement following intra-articular malunion. *OTSR* 2011. **Benazzo et al.** Total knee replacement in acute and chronic traumatic events. *Injury* 2014. **Weiss et al.** Total knee arthroplasty in post-traumatic arthrosis of the knee. *J Arthroplasty* 2003.

### Bone sequelae: how to evaluate it?

#### 1. Clinical examination:

- Weight-bearing++/ Walking examination
  - Limb alignment (frontal and sagittal!)
  - Decoaptation?
  - Lameness?

#### – Lying down:

- Length inequality?
- Deformity reductible? Ligament balancing.
- Torsional disorders?









#### 2. Standard X-Rays +++:

- → Both knees/Comparative
- → Long standing weight-bearing X-Rays
  - global deformity++: frontal an sagittal!
  - Level of the deformation: intra or extra-articular?
- Schuss: osteoarthritis?
- AP/Lateral views:
  - Tibial slope
  - Patella Baja? (TTO?)
  - Metallic Hardware?
- Patellar axial view



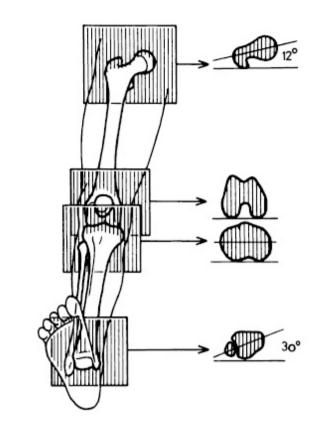


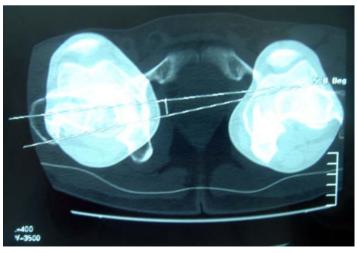
**Wang et al.** TKR with intra-articular resection of bone after malunion of femoral fracture: can sagittal angulation be corrected? *JBJS Br* 2010.

### 3. **CT-Scan**:

- Bone defects
- Mal or non-union
- Limb malrotation ++







### Soft tissues damages

### 1. Clinical examination:

- Latent infection?
  - Swelling, redness, local temperature
- Knee arthrofibrosis?
  - Knee ROM ++
- Skin damages?
  - Scares?
  - Skin retraction?





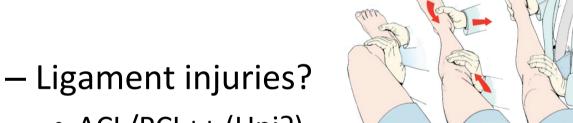
**Ries et al**. Medial gastrocnemius flap coverage for treatment of skin necrosis after total knee arthroplasty. *CORR* 2006.

**Bégué et al.** One-stage procedure for total knee arthroplasty in post-traumatic osteoarthritis of the knee with wound defect. Usefulness of navigation and flap surgery. *The Knee* 2012

### Soft tissues damages

### 1. Clinical examination:

- Vascular lesion?
  - Peripheral pulses



- - ACL/PCL++ (Uni?)
  - Medial/Lateral ligaments





### Soft tissues damages

### 2. Additional tests:

- Latent infection?
  - Biological test (CRP/ White Blood Cell Count, ESR)
  - Pre-operative joint aspiration with culture
  - MRI or Te99 bone scan
- Vascular lesion?
  - Angio-CT or Doppler





- Ligament injuries:
  - Stress X-Rays (Varus/valgus; Telos)



### Retained internal fixation devices

- Type and exact position of the devices++:
  - Operative report
  - X-rays
- Hardware removal and TKA by the same incision?



**Manzotti et al.** Post traumatic knee arthritis: Navigated total knee replacement without hardware removal. *The Knee* 2014

### CONCLUSION

- → The pre-op assessment: anticipate the TKA implantation +++:
  - Approach (TTO?)
  - Choice of the implant and the level of constraint:
    - Uni or TKA?
    - Custom-fit TKA?
    - Long stem?
  - Bone grafting or Metal augments (trabecular metal cones...)?
  - Additional osteotomy?
  - Additional plastic surgery or arthrolysis?
  - Hardware removal?

## And, sometimes TKA is not the best solution...











Simultaneous translation French/ English

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